

Using Neural Network Ensembles to Differentiate Biology and Physics in Earth System Models

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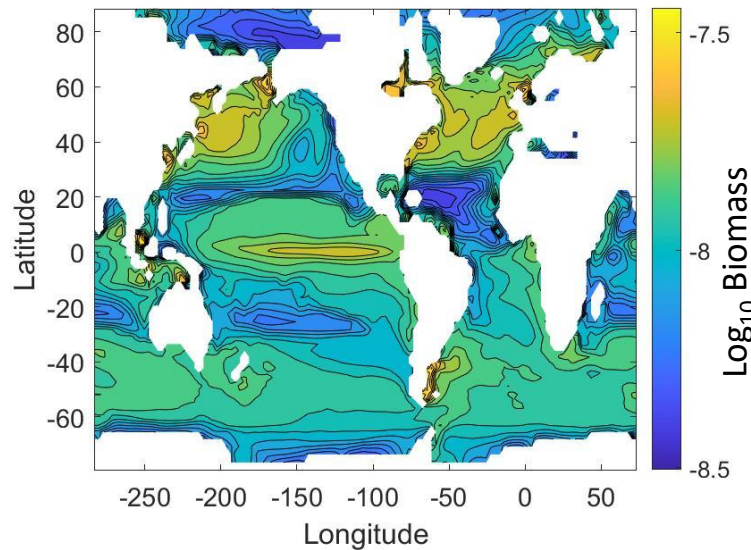
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Motivation and Background

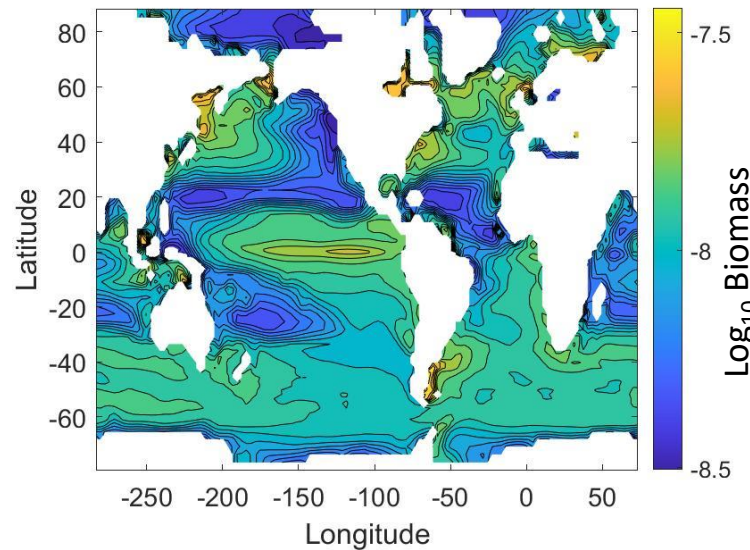
- Earth System Models can produce differences in their outputs
- It can be difficult to understand why these differences are occurring

What is causing the differences in these outputs?

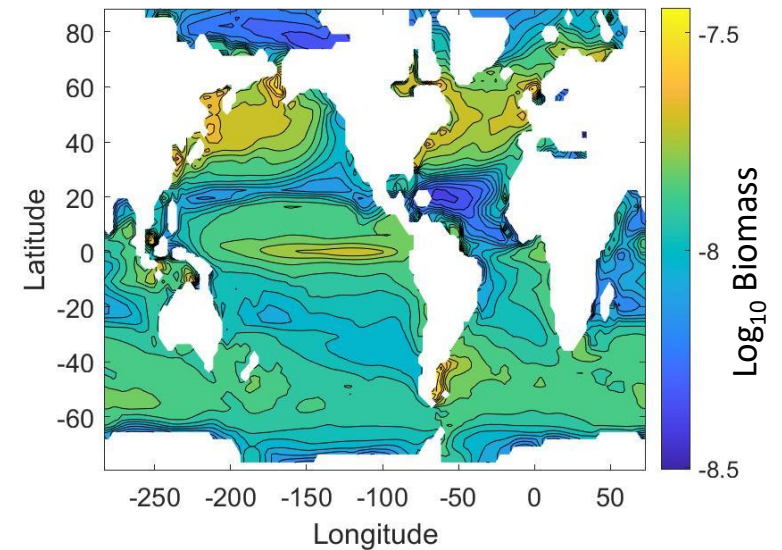
Output 1



Output 2



Output 3



Motivation and Background

- Differences in Earth System Model output are usually due to:
 - Different formulations for modelling biology
 - Different physical forcings
 - Different physical forcings **and** biology

Research Question

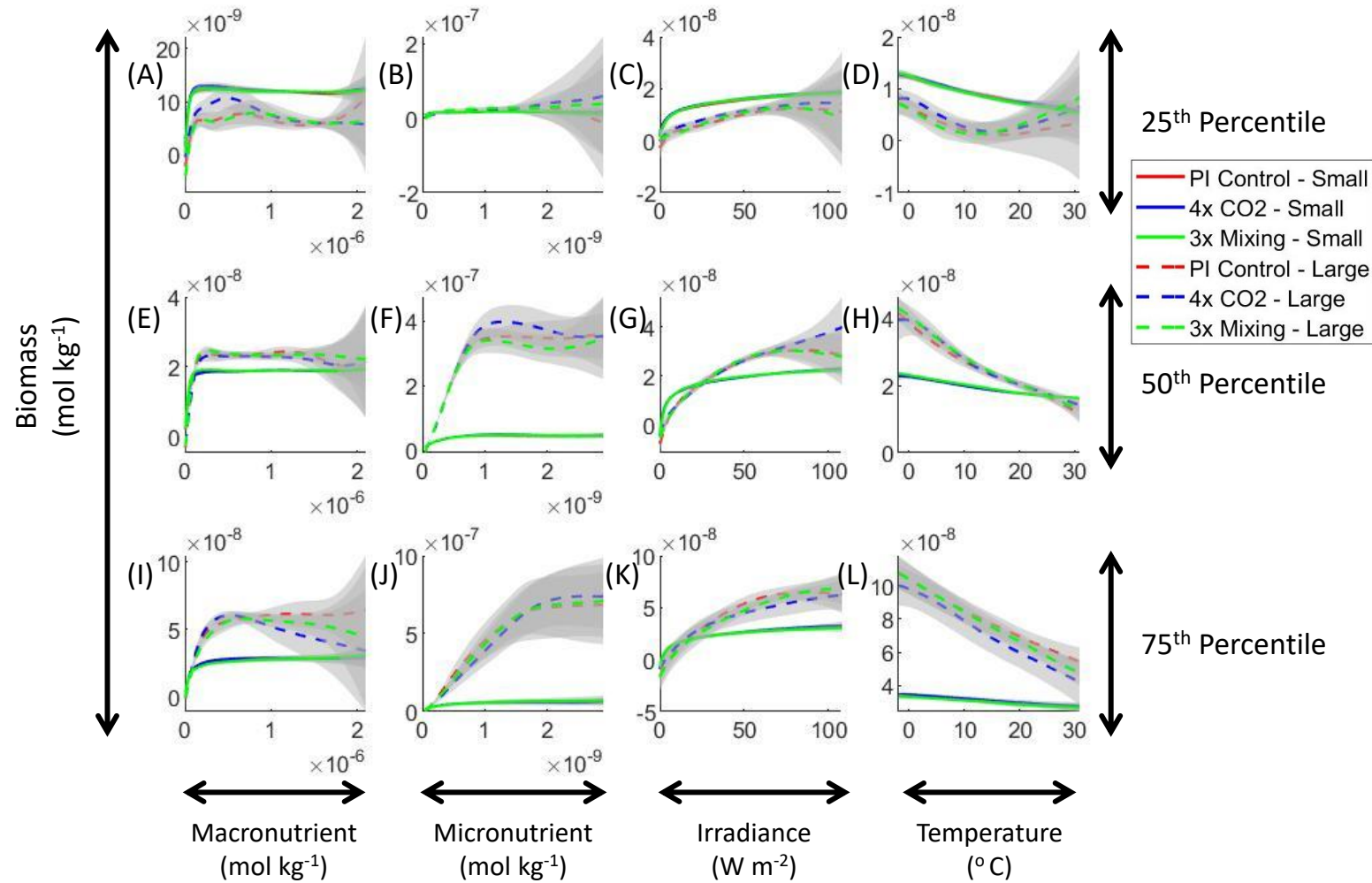
Can we use Neural Network Ensembles (NNEs) to find the main causes of differences in Earth System Model outputs?

Methods

- Trained NNEs on output from ESMs and used sensitivity analyses to view the relationships found by the NNEs
- Predictors were macronutrient, micronutrient, light, and temperature
- Target variable was phytoplankton biomass for small and large phytoplankton (separately)
- Looked at two cases:
 - Case 1: Used three model runs from same ESM where the biological equations between them were the same, but they each had different physical forcings
 - Case 2: Used model runs from the same ESM where the biological equations between them were different, but the physical forcings between them were the same

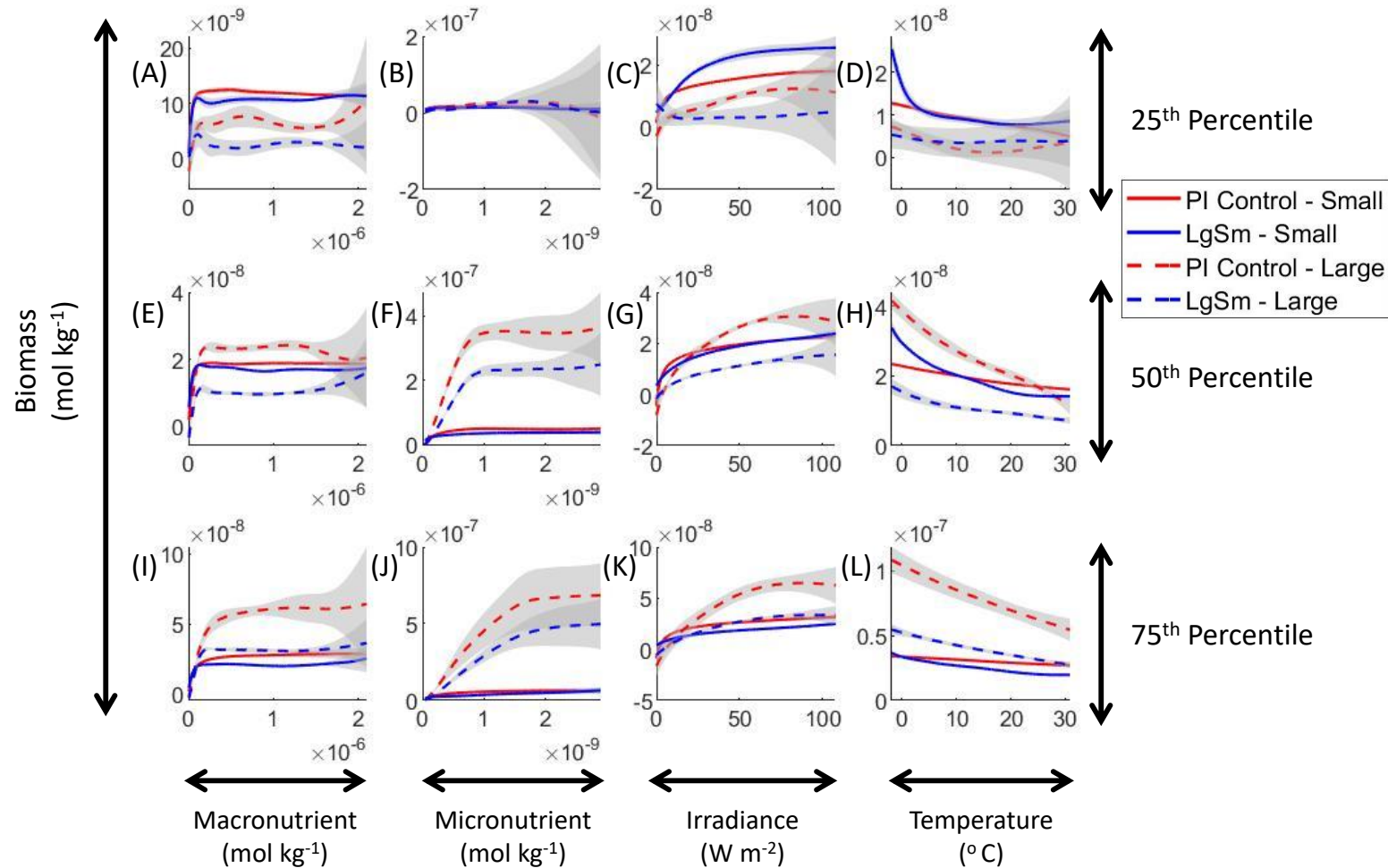
Results and Discussion – Case 1

- When the biology was the same between model runs and the physical forcings were different, NNEs found the same biological relationships in each run
- This suggests that the different physical forcings were simply shuffling the nutrients and light around, but not necessarily creating new states of biology



Results and Discussion – Case 2

- When the biological relationships were different between model runs and the physical forcings were identical, NNEs found different relationships in each run and the extent of those differences
- Implies that the biological relationships programmed into the model produced differences in the relationships found by the NNEs



Main Conclusions and Future Work

- We may be able to use NNEs to understand why ESMs differ in their output
- Work in progress and future work:
 - Determine if NNEs can detect differences between ESMs when both the biology and the physics differ and understand how to back out their respective contribution to the differences
 - Use observations to develop relationships against which models can be compared

A wide-angle photograph of a tropical beach. The foreground is filled with clear, turquoise water that transitions into a deeper blue as it meets the horizon. The sky is a vibrant blue, dotted with small, white, fluffy clouds. The overall scene is bright and serene, suggesting a sunny day at a remote island.

Questions?

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